Hematologic Malignancies/Stem Cell Transplantation Program Clinical Section

UCLA Health System Los Angeles, CA 90095

CS 6.2 DIAGNOSIS AND MANAGEMENT OF INTERSTITIAL PNEUMONIA

Location: Clinical Section

Supersedes/Replaces: B3.421g

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Effective Date: April 2010

Purpose and Background

Allogeneic bone marrow transplant patients are at risk for interstitial pneumonia caused by cytomegalovirus (CMV), other viruses, <u>Pneumocystis carinii</u>, and toxicity of chemotherapy or radiation. Because interstitial pneumonia is associated with a high mortality, it is critical to prevent or treat this complication.

Objectives

To establish uniform guidelines for prevention, diagnosis, and treatment of interstitial pneumonia.

Procedure

A. PROPHYLAXIS

- 1. Pneumocystis carinii:
 - A. All allogeneic bone marrow transplant patients will receive Pneumocystis prophylaxis. Patients should receive trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole starting at time of hospital admission and continuing until day-1 pretransplant. Adult patients will receive 160 mg trimethoprim/800 mg sulfamethoxazole (2 amps I.V., or 1 double strength tablet p.o.) .t.i.d. Pediatric patients will be dosed at 6 mg/kg of the trimethoprim b.i.d.

 After transplant, the trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole will be re-started when the ANC is ≥ 1000/mm³ (1 double strength tab p.o.tid on Saturday and Sunday only for adults), (6 mg/kg of trimethoprim for Pediatric patients on Saturday and Sunday only; not to exceed 2 DS tabs b.i.d.) and continued after transplant until the patient has been off immunosuppression (Tacrolimus or Cyclosporine in cord blood transplants & prednisone) for 2 weeks. In patients with chronic GVHD, the trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole prophylaxis will be continued after transplant until immunosuppression is stopped.
 - B. Patients with an allergy or intolerance to sulfa will receive either: Dapsone 100 mg po daily; Atovaquone (Mepron) 1500 mg suspension once daily;

pentamidine (aerosolized 300 mg, or 4 mg/kg IV, monthly) for prevention of <u>Pneumocystis carinii</u> pneumonia.

2. Cytomegalovirus (See SOP B6.421d. "Diagnosis and Management of Cytomegalovirus (CMV) Infection and Disease").

B. DIAGNOSIS AND TREATMENT OF ACTIVE INTERSTITIAL PNEUMONIA

- 1. If a patient develops interstitial pneumonia after transplant, a diagnostic bronchoscopy with bronchoalveolar lavage will be done when clinically indicated. A transbronchial lung biopsy may also be done. If the bronchoscopy with bronchoalveolar lavage is non-diagnostic, an open-lung biopsy will be considered in select patients.
- 2. For treatment of <u>Pneumocystis carinii</u> pneumonia, trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole will be used. Patients with an allergy to sulfa will receive intravenous pentamidine.
- 3. For treatment of CMV pneumonia, a combination of ganciclovir plus intravenous
 - immunoglobulin will be used. For suspected ganciclovir-resistant CMV disease or patients unable to tolerate ganciclovir due to myelosuppression, foscarnet can be used. (See also SOP B6.421d. "Diagnosis and Management of Cytomegalovirus (CMV) Infection and Disease").
- 4. From time to time, patients may be enrolled in experimental studies. In these cases, the study protocol takes precedence over the SOP guidelines.

References:

- Winston, DJ: Prophylaxis And Treatment Of Infection In The Bone Marrow Transplant Recipient. <u>Current Clinical Topics in Infectious Diseases</u>, Vol. 13 (Remington JS, Swartz MN, eds.). Blackwell Scientific Publications, Inc., Boston 1993. p. 293-321.
- 2) Winston, DJ: Infections in bone marrow transplant recipients. <u>Principles and Practice of Infectious Disease</u>, Fourth Edition, (Mandell GL, Besett JE, Nolin R, eds). Churchill Livingstone, Inc, New York 1995. p.2717-2722.
- 3) Winston DJ, et al. Ganciclovir prophylaxis of cytomegalovirns infection and disease in allogeneic bone marrow transplants: results of a placebo-controlloed, double-blind trial. <u>Ann Intern Med</u> 1993; 118:179-184.

Hematologic Malignancies/Stem Cell Transplantation Program

Diagnosis and Management of Interstitial Pneumonia

ATTACHMENTS:

Attachment A: Procedure History

Attachment B: New/Revised Procedure Checklist

APPROVAL:

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PROCEDURE HISTORY

Date	Initials	Page	Item and Summary of Changes
7/28/09			SOP Title Change
7/28/09			Format Changed
7/28/09			References updated
7/28/09			SOP Revised
4/15/10			Tacrolimus added
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Attachment A

NEW/REVISED PROCEDURE CHECKLIST

] NA		es es
P	rocedure added/replaced in:		
_] Master Copy Manual [] Operational Copy Manual(s) Online [] NA	[] HSC T	ransı
C	Other location(s):		_
C	Obsolete SOP(s) removed from service and filed?	[] Yes	[
T	Table of Contents, SOP and Forms Master List modified?	[] Yes	ĺ
Iı	nformation will be distributed to (check all that apply):		
[] Electronic mail		
[] Staff in-service/training/rounds		
[] Transplant physicians		
[] Other sections/departments (if applicable) specify:		
Γ] Other:		

Attachment B